DRAINTUBE
NIC Products

- Interlock & Yard Tiles
- Limestone
- Plastics
- LED Lights
- Dry Mortar
- Ready Mix
- Ceramics
- Cladding
- Concrete Pipes
- White Blocks
- Benches & Flower Pots
- HDPE
- Paints
- NI Panels
- Concrete
- Lights
- Cement
- Paints
- Cladding
- Pipes
- Benches
- Flower Pots
NIC Draintube
Draintube uPVC, SN4 & SN 8

Application: Drainage of roads, airfields, railways, parking lots, sports facilities and anywhere where increased demands are placed on drainage pipes.

- Depth of pipe trench min 1.2 m to 6 m max
- Maximum loading max 18 Ton/axel
- Ring stiffness SN 4 KN/m² or SN 8 KN/m²
- Connection with EPDM or rubber (EN 681) seal in socket OR Solvent Socket
- Length 1 to 6m

Material /raw material: uPVC (Unplasticized Poly vinyl chloride)
Specification: According to DIN 4262-1, type R3, as LP and MP
Nominal diameter DN: 110 160 200 250 315 400
length: 6 m
perforation: According to DIN 4262-1; width of slots 2.5 ± 0.3 mm
Total perforation area: ≥ 50 cm²/m; LP and MP
Ring stiffness: SN 4 or SN 8 (4 or 8 KN/m²) according to DIN EN ISO 9969
System of connection: With couplings an EPDM sealing rings according to DIN EN 681 (DIN 4060)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Size</th>
<th>Mean outside diameter mm BSEN 1401-1</th>
<th>Wall Thickness mm (Min) BSEN 1401-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D min</td>
<td>D max</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>110.0</td>
<td>110.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>160.0</td>
<td>160.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>200.0</td>
<td>200.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315</td>
<td>315.0</td>
<td>315.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400</td>
<td>400.0</td>
<td>400.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Draintube, HDPE Corrugated, SN8

Application: drainage of roads, airfields, railways, sports facilities and anywhere where increased demands are placed on drainage pipes.

- Made from high density polyethylene (HDPE)
- Structured-wall (corrugated outside, smooth inside),
- Color: black inside and outside,
- Heavy duty (SN 8 according to DIN EN ISO 9969)
- Supplied with a socket on one end.
- A sealing ring is fitted in the factory onto the second trough of the spigot end of pipe.
- All pipes are supplied in 6m length.

totally perforated (TP), locally perforated (LP) and multi-purpose (MP) pipe,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material / raw material</th>
<th>HDPE (High Density Polyethylene)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Specification</td>
<td>According to DIN 4262-1, type R2,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structured-wall</td>
<td>design according to DIN EN 13476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal diameter (DN) /</td>
<td>100 150 200 250 300 350 400 500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inside diameter (mm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perforation</td>
<td>According to DIN 4262-1, slot width 2.5 ± 0.4 mm; ≥ 50 cm²/m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ring stiffness</td>
<td>SN 8 (8 KN/m²) according to DIN EN ISO 9969</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jetting resistance</td>
<td>According to DIN 19523</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact resistance</td>
<td>According to DIN 4262-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For DN ≤ 150  H50 = 1,2 m;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For DN ≥ 200  H50 = 1,8 m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creep ratio</td>
<td>&lt; 4.7 according to DIN EN ISO 9967</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipe connection</td>
<td>Coupling and sealing ring made from EPDM, according to DIN EN 681 (DIN 4060)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Slotting according to DIN 4262-1; width of slots 2.5 ± 0.3 mm

TP
Fully Slotted
Over the entire pipe circumference 360°

LP
Partially Slotted
Slotting covering pipe circumference 220°

MP
Multipurpose
Slotting covering pipe circumference 120°

UP
Unslotted
Pipe for drainage of water.
1. Transportation and storage of pipes.

- The pipes should not be dropped or thrown from vehicles and impacts should be avoided. In addition, DIN EN 1610 (Section 8) also applies.
- The storage time should be restricted to a maximum of one month to prevent harmful effects of UV exposure on material properties.
- During extreme summer heat, pipes should be protected against overheating.
- It is recommended that the pipes should be stored in the shade or covered with brightly coloured, UV resistant tarpaulin.
- Store the pipes on even ground that is sufficiently hard to prevent deformations.

2. Creating Trench

DIN EN 1610 (Section 6) applies as regards dimensioning and design, trench width, trench stability, trench bottom and drainage. In addition, the dimensions of the pipe static calculation according to DWA-A 127 “Directive for the static calculation of drains and sewers”
3. Bedding, embedding and support

Bedding design and embedding of the pipes considerably affect the load and stress distribution on the pipe circumference and are very important for the static strength and the resulting deformation of pipes. The execution must comply with DIN EN 1610 (Section 7) and DWA-A 139. The bedding area must be level and free of stones. Use non-cohesive or slightly cohesive, compactable material to create the bedding area only. Likewise, use stoneless, non-cohesive, compactable material in the embedding area only for reasons of pipe statics. This generally applies to all permeable layers. Use compactable material containing fine fraction to create a permeable base (trench bottom up to perforations). We recommend using soils of the G2 group (slightly cohesive soils – GU, GT, SU, ST). These both comply with the requirements of pipe statics and hydraulic requirements for permeable bases. This guarantees sufficient hydraulic performance in combination with the overlying permeable layer which is made of material of the G1 group.
4. Installation

Adhere to the provisions of DIN EN 1610 (Section 8). Place the pipes on the prepared bedding. With Draintube locally perforated (LP) and multi-purpose (MP) pipes, the slotting must be observed to position the perforations correctly (upwords). Use couplings to connect the pipes to each other. Sealing rings or solvent cement produce watertight connections between UPVC pipes. For HDPE Corrugated Draintube, water tight connection is achieved by mounting a profile sealing ring onto the second corrugation trough. (Please note: Apply a sufficient amount of lubricant to the inside of the coupling and the profile sealing ring!) Insert pipes in the coupling until they reach the limit stop. Use a fine-toothed saw or circular saw to cut pipes. Cuts in HDPE corrugation troughs must be at right angles! Use grater, planer or file to remove rough edges and burrs on the cutting surfaces. Use couplings to reuse remaining pieces. Pipe lengths must be secured to prevent shifting or upthrust of pipes while creating the embedding.
5. Backfilling and compacting

The provisions of DIN EN 1610 and DWA-A 139 generally apply. Carry out backfilling according to design specifications. It includes side filling, covering within the embedding area, and main backfilling. Create the embedding of the pipe in the embedding area with stoneless, compactable material (see Section 3). Backfill the bedding material evenly on both sides of the pipe above the pipe crown in layers of approx. 15 cm, and compact using light compaction equipment only or, if required, even by hand. Any in-situ soil must be prevented from entering the embedding or the displacement of material from the embedding to the in-situ soil (filter stability!). This might require the integration of suitable filter gravel or dimensioning and installing a filter fabric around the dry packing (gravel). Further filling (as of approx. 15 cm above the pipe crown) must be made in layers with constant compaction of the filling material. Mechanical compaction of main backfilling using light to medium compaction equipment directly above the pipe should only be performed starting from a minimum thickness of 30 cm above the pipe crown. Use heavy compaction equipment only starting from a depth of cover of 1.0 m above the pipe crown. Choose compaction equipment, the number of compaction runs and the thickness of layers subject to compaction depending on the material to be compacted and the pipe system to be installed. To avoid load concentration on the pipe, consistent compaction throughout the entire embedding area must be ensured. In addition, the pipes must not come in contact with compaction equipment. Preferably secure the pipes from lateral and vertical forces during installation.
Main Administration
Shuwaikh
Tel: 24642100
Kuwait Hotline: 1844555
Ceramics Sales: 24836564

Working Hours*: 
Morning Hours (Sunday - Thursday)
7:30am - 3:00pm
Evening Hours (Sunday - Wednesday)
5:00pm - 8:00pm
Saturday
7:30am - 2:00pm

Sulaibiyia
Tel: 24642200

Working Hours*: 
Saturday
7:30am - 2:00pm
Sunday - Thursday
7:30am - 3:00pm

Western Industrial Shuaiba
Tel: 24642300
Ceramics Factory: 23262714/10

Working Hours*: 
Sunday - Thursday
7:30am - 3:00pm
Saturday
7:30am - 2:00pm

Industrial Shuwaikh Showroom
Industrial Shuwaikh2 - Block1 - Area 92
Al-Zaben Complex - Shops: 12,13,14
Tel. : 24642101/2/3/4/9
Fax : 24642110

Working Hours*: 
Saturday - Thursday
7:00am-7:00pm for plastic products
9:00am-9:00pm for other products

Ceramics Showroom
Industrial Shuwaikh - Humaidhi Complex
Opposite to Bin Nisf Co.
Tel: 24950871/2 - Factory: 23262714/10

Working Hours*: 
Sunday - Thursday: 9:00am - 9:00pm

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* Working hours are subject to change according to holidays and occasions - Follow us on 🌐 | 📞 | 📩 +965 99001150